LANE COUNTY PUBLIC SHELTER FEASIBILITY STUDY: FINAL REPORT PRESENTATION

Technical Assistance Collaborative January 22, 2019



Presentation Overview

- 1. Background & Methodology
- 2. Assessment of Current System
- 3. TAC Recommendations
- 4. Implementation- Next Steps

BACKGROUND & METHODOLOGY

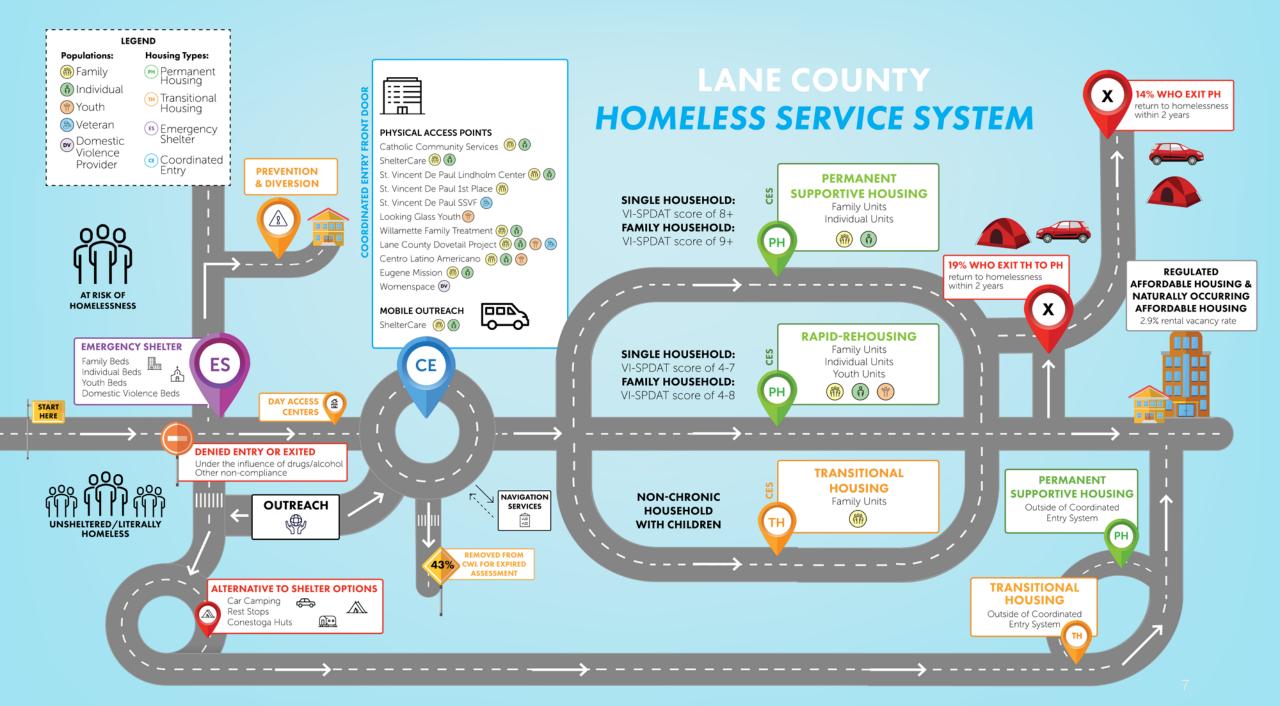
Background & Methodology

- TAC began work in March of 2018
- Methodology:
 - Data & Information Collection
 - Stakeholder Interviews & Meetings
 - Analysis & Assessment
 - System Map Development
 - Recommendations & System Modeling
 - Final Report

ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT SYSTEM

Assessment of Current System

- High number of Unsheltered
 - Single Adults account for 83% of homeless population and 89% of unsheltered population
 - 2018 PIT Unsheltered: 53% CH, 38% SMI, 30% SUD
- System Capacity Issues
 - Limited Street Outreach, Limited Diversion, No lowbarrier shelter beds, Inefficiencies in CES, Under-Utilization of Existing Resources, Limited Tenancy Supports
- External Challenges
 - Demographics, tight rental market, high number of newly homeless



TAC RECOMMENDATIONS

10 Key Recommendations

- 1. Expand & Better Coordinate Outreach
- 2. Expand Diversion & Rapid Exit Services
- 3. Expand & Better Coordinate RRH
- 4. Create additional PSH & Increase Utilization
- 5. Implement Effective Move-On Strategies
- 6. Expand & Increase Utilization of Tenancy Supports
- 7. Increase Effectiveness of Coordinated Entry
- 8. Create Centralized/Coordinated Landlord Management
- 9. Training of Best Practices
- 10. Add Low-Barrier Emergency Shelter

Expand & Better Coordinate Outreach

- Minimum of 5 FTE Outreach Workers & 1 FTE Outreach Coordinator/Manager
- Redesign to coordinated system-wide approach with Outreach connected to CE, ES, and other housing opportunities
- Increase use of mobile technology with HMIS and other data gathering capabilities
- Create annual flexible fund to assist in outreach provision



Expand Diversion & Rapid Exit Services

- Add 6 FTE Diversion Specialists & create fund for diversion financial resources
- Diversion Specialists should be located at ES and other crisis service centers at key times of day/week
- Financial Assistance should be highly targeted with detailed protocols for distribution
- System-wide diversion training for direct care practitioners



Expand & Better Coordinate RRH

- Use RRH Resources as a system-wide intervention not constrained to any one provider
- Create system-wide written standards & expectations focused on highly vulnerable HHs and flexible, progressive financial assistance
- System-wide landlord outreach & relationship management
- Robust training & expectations on Housing First Model
- Incorporate four dimensional tenancy supports
- Consider additional funds to serve additional HHs and promote private market rental connections



Create additional PSH & Increase Utilization

- Add 350 new PSH units through new development or through tenant-based and project-based subsidies
- Increase utilization of existing PSH resources
- Require all PSH referrals conducted through CES to ensure most vulnerable are served
- Ensure proper training and tenancy supports in place
- Ensure provider coordination with system-wide landlord outreach & relationship management
- Focused effort to leverage reasonable accommodations
- Consider Increase of PHA Payment Standard



Implement Effective Move-On Strategies

- Identify opportunities in PHA portfolio and other subsidized multifamily developments for move-on units (tenant-based or project-based)
- Develop process for identifying and transitioning households from CoC and other funded PSH into Move-on units
- Ensure mechanism for tracking units and maintaining tenant housing stability



Expand & Increase Utilization of Tenancy Supports

- Ensure providers are able to effectively provide and bill for tenancy supports
 - As part of proposal/application review, consider the level of services provided (pre & post tenancy)
 - Housing First approach with services offered focused on obtaining and maintaining housing
- Require system-wide training & capacity development on service delivery & best practices



Increase Effectiveness of Coordinated Entry

- Ensure all dedicated homeless units participate in CE
- Add 2 county-level FTE assessors with walk-in and phone capacity
- Create strong housing navigation systems with 2-3 FTE navigators
- Use single CWL for PSH & RRH
- Implement phased assessment approach
- Establish case conferencing process among outreach, navigators and other CE staff
- Ensure coordination of CES and other system-wide activities (outreach & landlord engagement)



Create Centralized/Coordinated Landlord & Housing Partner Management

- Add 2 FTE Housing Partner Coordinators
- Establish a By-Name Landlord Management Tool
- Implement Housing Partner Handbook outlining basic expectation of housing providers
- Hold quarterly service provider & landlord case conference system
- Use effective marketing and social media strategy to recruit, inform, and highlight strong partnerships
- Create risk mitigation fund



Training of Best & Promising Practices

Establish a training and professional development protocol

- Housing First, Progressive
 Assistance, and Client Choice
- Rapid Re-housing Practices
- Coordinated Entry
- Tenancy Supports & Case Management

-CoC Start Up Trainings -HUD Webinars -SSVF Training & Materials -New Staff Orientation -SOAR



Add Low-Barrier Emergency Shelter

- Develop new year-round low-barrier emergency shelter to serve 75 people nightly targeted to unsheltered single adults
- Should incorporate attributes of current navigation center models
- Shelter Considerations:
 - Land/Property Used
 - Location
 - Shelter Structure: lay-out/design, accessibility, cost
 - Operations: Principles, Hours, Population, Services, Dedicated Housing Resources, Staffing Structure, Evaluation & Performance Measurement

Impact of Recommendations

- A low-barrier emergency shelter alone will not decrease overall literal homelessness among single adults
- System-wide changes are necessary to have a noticeable impact on unsheltered homeless population
- TAC system modeling:
 - If no changes occur across system, homelessness among single adults (sheltered and unsheltered) will continue to rise
 - With addition of 75 low-barrier ES beds, unsheltered single adult population will drop minimally and overall homeless will continue to increase
 - With addition of ES beds and implementation of system-wide recommendations, there is potential to dramatically reduce unsheltered population within a 3-year timeframe

Next Steps for Implementation

- Identify Implementation Team including one person responsible for coordination of overall effort
- Outline specific action steps/tasks, responsible entities and timeline to achieve each goal/recommendation
- Create internal tracking mechanism of progress and provide quarterly updates to appropriate parties
- Focus on moving effort forward and avoid getting stuck on process

Action Plan Template

Strategy 1.1: Hire 5 FTE Outreach Worke	rs & 1 FTE Outr	reach Coord	linator & Manager			
Action	Responsible Party	Others Involved	FY19 Goal	FY20 Goal	FY21 Goal	Resources \$\$\$
Identify funds to pay Outreach Salary Costs	Lane County		Secure funding for 2 Outreach Workers & 1 Outreach Coordinator	Secure additional funding for remaining 3 Outreach Workers	Maintain funding	
Create Job Descriptions for all new Outreach Positions & Post Job Openings	Lane County		Develop job descriptions & Post on Lane County Site once funding secured			
Hire Additional Outreach Staff	Lane County		Interview & hire 3 Candidates	Interview & hire remaining 3 candidates		
Strategy 1.2: Obtain Mobile Technology with	HMIS embedd	ed				
Action	Lead Agency(s)	Others Involved	FY19 Goal	FY20 Goal	FY21 Goal	Resources \$\$\$

Goal #1 - Expand & Better Coordinate Outreach

QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION



Motions to Consider



- 1. Adopt the Technical Assistance Collaborative Report.
- 2. Direct the County Administrator and City Manager to establish framework and plan for implementing TAC report recommendations.
- 3. Establish a steering committee to guide the planning and implementation of the recommendations. The committee will be comprised of
 - a. Two elected officials from each jurisdiction

(two from Lane County & two from the City of Eugene)

- b. Lane County Administrator and City Manager
- c. Executive Representative from the Poverty & Homelessness Board (PHB)

The steering committee representatives will provide framework and implementation action plan to elected officials of each jurisdiction by May 1, 2019.

Tac IMPLEMENTATION STRUCTURE

STEERING COMMITTEE 2 County Commissioners

2 City Councilors

City Manager

County Administrator

Poverty and Homelessness Board Executive

